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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/772,486	01/29/2001	Tony J. Gullotta	036258.0202	1572

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EXAMINER

TRAN, PHILIP B

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2155

DATE MAILED: 06/04/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/772,486

Applicant(s)

GULLOTTA ET AL.

Examiner

Philip B Tran

Art Unit

2155

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 February 2002.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 29 January 2001 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the abstract is too long (more than 150 words). Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.102(e) as being anticipated by Win et al (Hereafter, Win), U.S. Pat. No. 6,182,142.

Regarding claim 1, Win teaches a method for provisioning users with resources (= distributed access management of information resources based on the user's role in the organization) [see Abstract], the method comprising the steps of:

establishing a set of attributes, organizational information, and user roles (= establishing groups, roles, resources and associations wherein each roles record contains a name string, unique identifier, description string and additional fields or attributes) [see Col. 13, Lines 25-31 and Col. 13, Line 55 to Col. 14, Line 3] ;

defining a plurality of resource provisioning policies based on selected attributes, organizational information, and user roles (= implementing access rules by defining roles that users play when working for an organization or doing business with an enterprise) [see Col. 5, Lines 29-53 and Col. 14, Line 5-67 and Col. 15, Line 46 to Col. 16, Line 14];

receiving attribute information, organizational information, and user role information for a particular user, resource, or database (= receiving and storing information about users, resources and roles of the users) [see Col. 2, Lines 28-34 and Col. 5, Lines 19-21 and Col. 6, Lines 27-29];

determining which resource provisioning policies are applicable to the user based on the received user role information, organizational information, and attribute information (= determining what resources a user can access based on roles and functional groups within the organization) [see Col. 5, Lines 46-62];

seeking additional information or authorizations from third parties in accordance with the applicable resource provisioning policies (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource and returns information based on the user's name and roles) [see Col. 6, Line 65 to Col. 7, Line 5 and Col. 7, Lines 41-49]; and

provisioning the user with the resources specified by the applicable resource provisioning policies if all necessary additional information or authorizations have been received from the third parties (= controlling access to information resource based on the user's role in the organization [see Abstract] wherein assigning or deleting a role to/from a user can add or delete access to all resources with that role and adding or removing a role to/from a resource can give or take away access to that resource from all users with that role [see Col. 5, Line 64 to Col. 6, Line 5 and Col. 7, Line 41 to Col. 8, Line 8]).

Regarding claim 2, Win further teaches the step of receiving attribute information, organizational information, and user role information comprising the step of receiving input from a user interface (= user interface display wherein a user can enter keywords and performs a variety of functions such as creating a new record, entering new data, modifying existing data) [see Figs. 10A-10C and Col. 18, Lines 10-67].

Regarding claim 3, Win further teaches the step of receiving attribute information, organizational information, and user role information for a particular user comprising receiving attribute information and user role information from an employee records database (= receiving stored information about users, resources and roles of the users [see Col. 2, Lines 28-34 and Col. 5, Lines 19-21 and Col. 6, Lines 27-29] by reading from the registry repository (110) [see Col. 6, Lines 26-38] wherein each user record stores profile information [see Col. 13, Lines 23-36]).

Regarding claim 4, Win further teaches the step of seeking additional information or authorizations from third parties (= authorization from the protected server) [see Col 7, Lines 41-49] comprising the steps of:

providing the third party with access to the user interface (= the administration application (114) is used to enter information about the protected server via user interface screen) [see Col. 7, Lines 53-56];

indicating to the third party which information or authorization needs to be supplied (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that

decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource) [see Col. 7, Lines 41-49 and Col. 8, Lines 32-40 and Col. 8, Lines 45-65]; and suspending the provisioning of resources to the user until the additional information or authorization is supplied (= if conditions are not satisfied, then the user does not have authorization and access to the resource is restricted) [see Col. Col. 8, Lines 40-44 and Col. 8, Line 66 to Col. 9, Line 5].

Regarding claim 5, Win further teaches the step of seeking additional information or authorizations from third parties comprising the steps of:

receiving first additional information or authorizations from third parties in accordance with the applicable resource provisioning policies (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource and returns information based on the user's name and roles) [see Col. 6, Line 65 to Col. 7, Line 5 and Col. 7, Lines 41-49]; and

seeking second additional information or authorizations from other third parties or the user based on the received first additional information or authorizations and the received attribute information, organizational information, and user role information (= protected server with runtime module is notified of configuration changes and a remote configuration service of the runtime module uses the access control library to read updated information from the registry server (108) [see Col. 7, Line 66 to Col. 8, Line 8] wherein assigning or deleting a role to/from a user can add or delete access to all

resources with that role and adding or removing a role to/from a resource can give or take away access to that resource from all users with that role [see Col. 5, Line 64 to Col. 6, Line 5 and Col. 7, Line 41 to Col. 8, Line 8]).

Regarding claim 6, Win teaches a system for provisioning users with resources (= distributed access management of information resources based on the user's role in the organization) [see Abstract], the system comprising:

a data server for storing a set of attributes, organizational information, and user roles (= registry server (108) with registry repository (110) that stores information about users, resources and roles of the users [see Col. 6, Lines 27-29] wherein groups, roles, resources and associations are established [see Col. 13, Lines 25-31 and Col. 13, Line 55 to Col. 14, Line 3]), a plurality of resource provisioning policies based on selected attributes, organizational information, and user roles, and attribute information and user role information for a particular user or resource (= implementing access rules by defining roles that users play when working for an organization or doing business with an enterprise) [see Col. 5, Lines 29-53 and Col. 14, Line 5-67 and Col. 15, Line 46 to Col. 16, Line 14]; and

one or more processors coupled to the memory and an organizational network [see Fig. 2], the processors programmed for

determining which resource provisioning policies are applicable to the stored user role information, organizational information, and attribute information (=

determining what resources a user can access based on roles and functional groups within the organization) [see Col. 5, Lines 46-62],

seeking additional information or authorizations from third parties in accordance with the applicable resource provisioning policies (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource and returns information based on the user's name and roles) [see Col. 6, Line 65 to Col. 7, Line 5 and Col. 7, Lines 41-49], and

provisioning a user with the resources specified by the applicable resource provisioning policies if all necessary additional information or authorizations have been received from the third parties (= controlling access to information resource based on the user's role in the organization [see Abstract] wherein assigning or deleting a role to/from a user can add or delete access to all resources with that role and adding or removing a role to/from a resource can give or take away access to that resource from all users with that role [see Col. 5, Line 64 to Col. 6, Line 5 and Col. 7, Line 41 to Col. 8, Line 8]).

Regarding claim 7, Win further teaches a user interface for inputting the attribute information and user role information for a particular user or resource (= user interface display wherein a user can enter keywords and performs a variety of functions such as creating a new record, entering new data, modifying existing data) [see Figs. 10A-10C and Col. 18, Lines 10-67].

Regarding claim 8, Win further teaches a system as recited in claim 6, the data server further including an employee records database for storing attribute information and user role information for a particular user (= receiving stored information about users, resources and roles of the users [see Col. 2, Lines 28-34 and Col. 5, Lines 19-21 and Col. 6, Lines 27-29] by reading from the registry repository (110) [see Col. 6, Lines 26-38] wherein each user record stores profile information [see Col. 13, Lines 23-36]).

Regarding claim 9, Win further teaches the processor further programmed for:
providing the third party with access to the user interface (= the administration application (114) is used to enter information about the protected server via user interface screen) [see Col. 7, Lines 53-56];

indicating to the third party which information or authorization needs to be supplied (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource) [see Col. 7, Lines 41-49 and Col. 8, Lines 32-40 and Col. 8, Lines 45-65]; and

suspending the provisioning of resources to the user until the additional information or authorization is supplied (= if conditions are not satisfied, then the user does not have authorization and access to the resource is restricted) [see Col. Col. 8, Lines 40-44 and Col. 8, Line 66 to Col. 9, Line 5].

Regarding claim 10, Win further teaches the processor further programmed for:

receiving first additional information or authorizations from third parties in accordance with the applicable resource provisioning policies (= protected server with resources protected by the runtime module that decrypts information in the cookies to verify if the user is authorized to access to the resource and returns information based on the user's name and roles) [see Col. 6, Line 65 to Col. 7, Line 5 and Col. 7, Lines 41-49]; and

seeking second additional information or authorizations from other third parties or the user based on the received first additional information or authorizations and the stored attribute information, organizational information, and user role information (= protected server with runtime module is notified of configuration changes and a remote configuration service of the runtime module uses the access control library to read updated information from the registry server (108) [see Col. 7, Line 66 to Col. 8, Line 8] wherein assigning or deleting a role to/from a user can add or delete access to all resources with that role and adding or removing a role to/from a resource can give or take away access to that resource from all users with that role [see Col. 5, Line 64 to Col. 6, Line 5 and Col. 7, Line 41 to Col. 8, Line 8]).

Other References Cited

4. The following references cited by the examiner but not relied upon are considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

A) Cheng, U.S. Pat. No. 6,067,548, discloses dynamic organization model and management computing system.

B) Schneider et al, U.S. Pat. No. 6,408,336, discloses distributed administration of access to information.

C) Ginn, U.S. Pat. No. 6,052,723, discloses aggregating control on an electronic network by creating groups of users and determining policy for groups of users.

D) Barkley, U.S. Pat. No. 6,088,679, discloses workflow management employing role-based access control.

E) Hudson et al, U.S. Pat. No. 6,055,637, discloses resource access control system with user's assigned role and unique identifier.

F) Du et al, U.S. Pat. No. 5,826,239, discloses distributed workflow resource management.

G) Barkley et al, U.S. Pat. No. 6,202,066, discloses role/group permission association using object access type.

H) Kuhn, U.S. Pat. No. 6,023,765, discloses implementation of role-based access control in multi-level secure systems.

I) Ueno et al, U.S. Pat. No. 6,237,036, discloses generating access control lists.

J) Fisher et al, U.S. Pat. No. 6,085,191, discloses providing database access control in a secured distributed network.

K) Deinhart et al, European Patent Application No. EP 0697662A1, discloses role-based access control in distributed and centralized computer system.

L) Hitchens et al, "Design and Specification of Role Based Access Control Policies", IEEE, Aug. 2000, discloses role-based access control policies.

M) Tari et al, "A Role-Based Access Control For Intranet Security", discloses role-based access control.

5. A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RESPONSE TO THIS ACTION IS SET TO EXPIRE THREE MONTHS, OR THIRTY DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. FAILURE TO RESPOND WITHIN THE PERIOD FOR RESPONSE WILL CAUSE THE APPLICATION TO BECOME ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). EXTENSIONS OF TIME MAY BE OBTAINED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF 37 CAR 1.136(A).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Philip Tran whose telephone number is (703) 308-8767. The Group fax phone number is (703) 872-9306.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hosain T. Alam, can be reached on (703) 308-6662.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Philip Tran
Philip B. Tran
Art Unit 2155
May 24, 2004